Timeline		
55 BC	Julius Caesar heads first Roman Invasion but later withdraws	
44 BC	Julius Caesar is murdered in Rome	
43 AD	Romans invade Britain and it becomes part of the Roman Empire	
50 AD	London is founded	
61 AD	Boudicca leads the Iceni in revolt against the Ro- mans	
70 AD	The Romans conquer Wales and the North	
76 AD	The Emperor Hadrian is born	
80 AD	The Colosseum of Rome is built	
122-128 AD	Emperor Hadrian builds a wall on the Scottish border	
140 AD	The Romans conquer Scotland	
200 AD	Barbarians attack the Roman Empire	
410 AD	Roman rule in Britain ends.	

Important people		
Boudica	Saxon queen who fought back against the Romans	
Emperor Claudius	First Roman emperor to successfully invade Britain	
Julius Cae- sar	Famous Roman leader who attempted to invade Britain.	
Romulus and Remus	Mythical twin brothers and founders of Rome	

The Romans

Critical Thinking Our Big Question

What did the Romans ever do for us?

Key information

The Romans were one of the most powerful, clever and successful civilisations.

They ruled nearly all of Europe and most of North Africa including Egypt.

If you counted all the modern countries that would have been in the Roman Empire, then it would be 48 countries.

Vocabulary		
Amphitheatre	Where the Romans would go to be entertained.	
Aqueduct	A systems of pipes and channels used to bring water into the towns	
Barbarian	A person who lived outside the Roman Empire, seen by Romans as violent and un- civilized.	
Celt	People who lived in Europe, and in Britain, who fought the Romans.	
Emperor	The leader of an empire. Similar to a king or queen.	
Invasion	One country attacking another to take it over.	
Latin	The language spoken and written by the Romans.	
Legion	The main battle unit of the Roman army.	
Roman numerals	the letters used by the ancient <i>Romans</i> to represent numbers, for example I, IV, VIII which represent 1, 4, 8.	
Senate	The Roman government.	